





Role of AI in promoting European Accessibility Policy

Enabling content economy for all

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Overview



- Introduction
- Universal design principles
- European accessibility policy
- Al powered media accessibility
- Conclusion and future work

Introduction



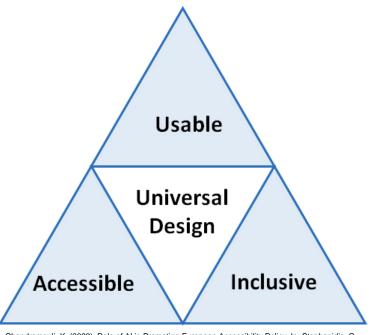
- Content economy has led the industrial growth for more than two decades
- Digital transformation services are playing a key role in society's evolution
- The adoption rate of digital services has created a digital divide for content accessibility
- Key to unlocking the full potential of content economy relies on bridging the digital divide and adopt the need for 'knowledge economy'

- Exponential growth of Artificial Intelligence (AI) solutions
- Recent applications include:
 - Image/Video description (audio transcription)
 - Generation of new images (raise of computer generated art)
 - Question and Answers (ChatGPT)
 - Language translation services
 - Automated audio description (AD) services
 - [etc]

Universal design principles



- The notion of accessibility within digital transformation has been widely addressed within the context of information being shared through Internet services
- The triple synergy of Universal Design includes usability, accessibility and inclusion
- Despite the existence of standards, there is a lack of support for integrating such accessibility standards within individual organisations
- This is a key barrier for the adoption of universal design in enabling digital content access for all



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European Accessibility Policy



- International effort on digital content accessibility
 - Establishment of Web accessibility initiative (WAI), by W3C
 - WCAG 2.0 was published in December 2008
 - WCAG 2.1 in June 2018 and the first public draft of WCAG 2.2 in February 2020.
 - WCAG 2.0 became the international standard ISO/IEC 40500:2012. WCAG 2.1 contains all the success criteria of WCAG 2.0 plus 17 additional success criteria
 - WCAG recommendations help website designers and developers to better meet the needs of users with disabilities and older users.
- EAA is a step forward in reducing barriers for people with disabilities within the EU
 - Better accessibility of products and services that citizens use every day
 - Enhanced access to digital devices (such as phones), services (transport banking),
 - Enable assistance to people with sensory impairments to be able to fully participate in society on an equal basis with others,
 - Have better access to education and to enter more easily the open labour market

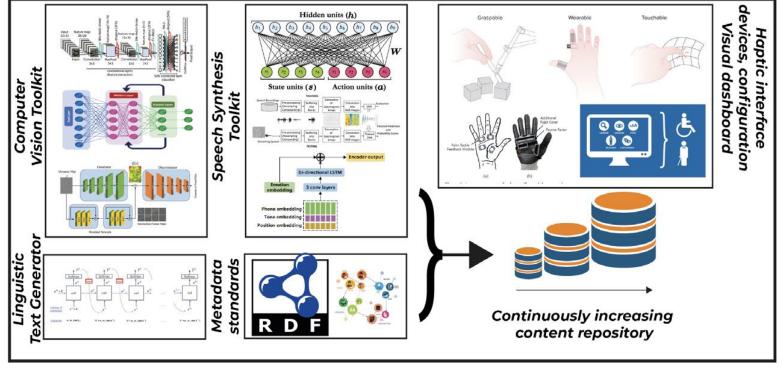


- According to ECAG recommendations, the four principles of accessibility could be defined as follows:
 - <u>Perceivable</u> Information and user interface components must be presentable to users in ways they can perceive.
 - Operable User interface components and navigation must be operable.
 - <u>Understandable</u> Information and the operation of user interface must be under-standable.
 - **Robust** Content must be robust enough that it can be interpreted reliably by a wide variety of user agents, including assistive technologies.





Al for content modality transformation

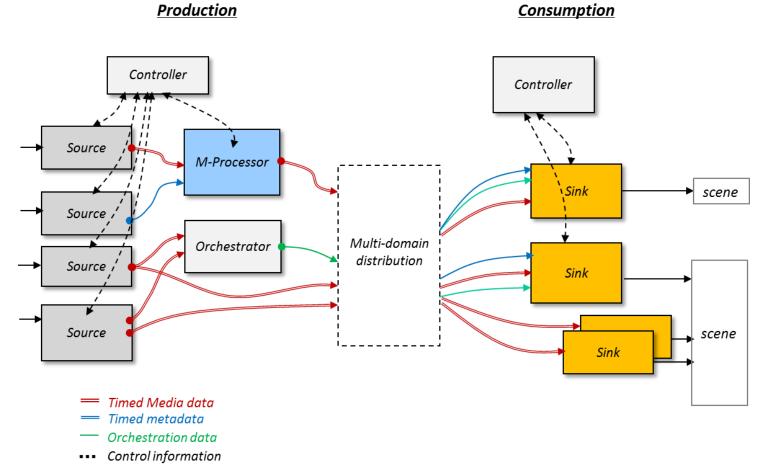


SHIFT project AI framework for accessibility and inclusion https://cordis.europa.eu/project/id/101060660



- The computer vision toolkit is included to extract knowledge embedded within the pictures and video sequences
- The extracted knowledge in terms of objects or key terms, will be converted into full-fledged sentences by the linguistic toolkit
- The textual descriptions are then subsequently transformed into speech with audio synthesis tool.
- The use of semantic technologies powered by Resource Description Framework (RDF) will ensure the semantic interpretability of information and ensure cross linking of relevant information
- The semantic repository populated by the analysis tools are then transformed into haptic language to be closely integrated within the wearable devices.
- The implementation of a multi-modal interoperability among the digital technologies, it is important to establish metadata standards to enable accessibility of media content.

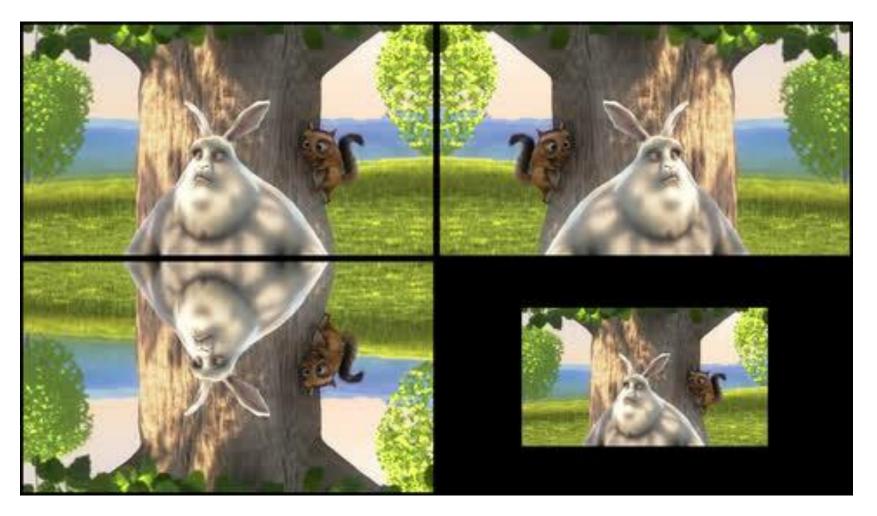




Reference architecture for Media Orchestration International standard ISO/IEC 23001-13

https://mpeg.chiariglione.org/standards/mpeg-b/media-orchestration/wd-isoiec-23001-13-media-orchestration-more





- Transformation of individual experience to collective social experience
- Al for content orchestration for multiple users

https://zulko.github.io/moviepy/getting_started/compositing.html

Conclusion and future work



- Digital content is increasingly becoming pervasive
- A large number of organisations are adopting digital transformation strategies
- Need to bridge the gap between for citizen's right to access digital content
- Al technology offers new opportunities to be leveraged, through content transformation methodologies
- Reliability, trust, and transparency of AI algorithms should complement legal and ethical compliance
- Adoption of international standards reference architecture could pave the way forward in building advanced digital tools offering equal rights to content access







Thanks for your attention!

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